

INDIAN SCHOOL AL WADI AL KABIR

Class: IX	**************************************		Date of submission: Year:2021-22	
WORK SHEET				
I.CHOOSE THE CORRE	CT OPTION			
 Which social group Scheduled castes 	is most vulnerable to po (b) Scheduled tribe		(d) All the above	
2. Nutritional level of (a) calories per day (c) rice consumption p	(b) w	d in the form of heat consumption lories per month	_•	
3. Who advocated that become free of huma	•	dependent only when the p	poorest of its people	
(a) Jawahar lal Nehru (c) Mahatma Gandhi		(b) Indira Gandhi (d) Subhash Chandra Bose		
•	n mental work.			
	verty is determined by th ducation (c) health	ne options for finding an alton	_	
6. Which two states o (a) Madhya Pradesh, I	f India continue to be the	e poorest states? (b) Orissa, Bihar		

7. In which state have the land reform measures helped to reduce poverty?
(a) Tamil Nadu (b) Punjab (c) West Bengal (d) Kerala

(c) Uttar Pradesh, Uttarakhand

8. Which among the following is the method to estimate the poverty line?

(a) Investment method (b) Income method (c) Capital method (d) Human method

(d) None of the above

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II.FILL IN THE BLANKS
9. In rural areas in India, the accepted average calories requirement per person per day is Ans. 2400 calories
10. PMRY was started in 1993, stands for Ans. Prime Minister Rozgar Yozana
11.In India,carries out survey for determining the poverty line. Ans. NSSO (National Sample Survey Organisation)
12. Pradhan Mantri Gramodaya Yozana (PMGY) was launched in Ans. 2000.
13. Mahatma Gandhi National Rural Employment Guarantee Act, 2005 aims to provide days of wage employment to every household to ensure livelihood security in rural areas. Ans. 100 days
III. ASSERTION AND REASONING: -
 14. In the question given below, there are two statements marked as Assertion (A) and Reason (R). Read the statements and choose the correct option: Assertion(A): Poverty must be seen in terms of the poor have to live only in poor surroundings with other poor people. Reason (R): Social exclusion is one of the basic reasons for poverty in India. Options: (a) Both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation of A. (b) Both A and R are true and R is not the correct explanation of A. (c) A is true but R is false. (d) A is false but R is true.

15. Assertion(A): The poverty line is a cut-off point on the line of distribution, which usually divides the population of the country as poor and non-poor.

Reason(R): In the poverty line, a standard is fixed in terms of the maximum level of consumption. Options:

- (a) Both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation of A.
- (b) Both A and R are true and R is not the correct explanation of A.
- (c) A is true but R is false.
- (d) A is false but R is true.

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